

Overview

No financial interests

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DSAEK/DMEK

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- Descemet Stripping Automated Endothelial Keratoplasty/Descemet Membrane Endothelial Keratoplasty
- Replacing a bad layer of cells with a new layer of cells to keep cornea from swelling and decompensating
- DMEK is thinner. No stromal involvement as compared to DSAEK
- DMEK can heal more quickly
 DSAEK may still be done in high myopes or patients w/ glaucoma valves.

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DMEK Day 1

- Expect air bubble to be present and likely covering

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Instructions Day 1

- VA should improve w/ time
- NO EYE RUBBING. No swimming, dirty environments/heavy lifting, or strenuous activity.
- Take a daily nap while air bubble is in place
- Pred, Ocuflox, Muro 128 drop qid, and Muro 128 ung qhs. AT's as needed.
- Call immediately if concerns

Follow Up

- 1 week
- 2-3 week
- 4-6 week
- Adjust depending on patient and cornea appearance
- Can take 6 months or longer for stabilization. Do not recommend refraction for at least 6 months, but may do sooner if VA or AR have been relatively stabile.
- Taper Pred- qid x 4 months, tid x 3 months, bid x 2 months, qd forever

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Troubleshooting

– High IOP

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- Approx 30 or less- add glaucoma drop and return in 1-3 days to monitor
- 40 or above- concern for pupillary block. May need to burp wound.
- Detachment of cells
 - If small peripheral edge lift ok to monitor closely
 - If early, mild, and central ok to monitor closely
 - If large area return to surgeon for air bubble







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Xenge

- New version of trab. Goal is to aid in lowering IOP and reduce dependency on drops
- When to refer:
- -When on max drop therapy but IOP is still elevated or progression still noted on exam o testing.
- -Intolerance to drops
- -Drops are not affordable









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1 Day PO

- Stop all glaucoma drops
- head above heart.

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Troubleshooting

- aggressive with dry eye treatment
- Elevated IOP- consider ocular massage before
- May consider Rx for Ocuflox in case of emergency

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- IOP should be normal to lower than baseline
- if scheduled.
- Keep on glaucoma drops while on surgery drops



• 1 week • 2-3 weeks

• 2-3 months • 3-4 months



- 2-3 week

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1 Day PO



Cataract Surgery

- Removal of cataract
- Improve vision and allow less dependency on glasses
- Treat glaucoma
- Allow retina surgeon better view for treatment of retina disease
- Treat prior to a scheduled retina surgery

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Discussion Prior to Referral

- Brief description of evaluation and procedure
- Expectations for visual outcome
- Monofocal, toric, or depth of focus lenses.
 Benefits and drawbacks of each. Give reading material if available.
- "None of us will ever promise you'll be 100% free of glasses, but one goal is to be less dependent"
- Use of MIGS if applicable

Extended Depth of Focus IOLs analysis of the Alcon Vivity Iol

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1 Day PO

- Confirm VA makes sense with cornea and retina appearance
- Check IO
- Confirm negative seidel sign
- Confirm no retained lens fragments in AC
- Proper placement of IOL and toric axis
- Check for vitreous prolapse
- Discuss drop schedule
- Reassurance

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Follow up

- 2-3 week post op
- Is the patient happy with outcome?
- Check IOP- may see steroid response at this time
- Refraction if desired
- Hold off on releasing Mrx for Vivity and PanOptix patients

Troubleshooting

- IOP 25-35 at 1 day- start glaucoma drop and follow up in 1-5 days. Above 40 may consider wound burp.
- Retained lens fragment-return to surgeon for AC wash.
- Toric off more than 10 degrees-return to surgeon for rotation
- Vitreous prolapse- return to surgeon for YAG

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Troubleshooting-Dry Eye

- Betadine and post op drops can exacerbate DES
- Treat aggressively pre and post or
- PF AT's q1h-q2h, Refresh PM or Systane Nighttime qhs, punctal plugs, Xiidra/Restasis
- Minimal dry eye can have significant effects with premium IOLs.



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